through child care institutions, orphanages, observation homes, after care homes, etc.

(c) Government is implementing a number of development programmes to make families economically strong so as to make children economically less burdensome on parents. These programmes relate to poverty alleviation programmes like IRDP and DWCRA, STEP, NORAD and Socio-Economic Programme in addition to support services also being provided to parents through creches. A National Credit Fund for Women called Rashtriya Mahila Kosh has been set up recently to assist women in the informal sector. The Integrated Child Development Services Scheme, Early Childhood Education Scheme and Schemes of universal elementary education are the programme being implemented in this regard.

(d) No, Sir.

Network of roads in Bastar

827. SHRI P. UPENDRA : Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the project for constructing a network of roads in the tribal district of Bastar in Madhya Pradesh is held up for the last two years due to the failure of the Central Government to sanction funds under the Tribal Areas Development Programme ;

(b) if so, what are the reasons for not sanctioning the funds ; and

(c) by when the project is likely to be completed ?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI SITARAM KESRI) : (a) No, Sir. Ministry of Welfare released an amount of Rs. 4·46 crores to Government of Madhya Pradesh under First Proviso to Article 275(1) of the Constitution during 1990-91. The Ministry has issued No Objection Certificate during 1990-91 for utilising Rs. 1·11 Crores out of Rs. 4·46 crores for construction of culverts and bridges on the roads in the area of Bastar District.

(b) Government of Madhya Pradesh requested to release an additional amout of Rs. 14·00 crores out of additional Special Central Assistance during 1992-93 and each of subsequent years upto 1997 over and above its entitlement for Special Central Assistance. The Ministry had asked State Government to furnish utilisation Certificate and progress report in respect of funds released during 1990-91. In the absence of such reports, it has not been possible to consider further assistance.

(c) Since, the execution of the project is with State Government, this Ministry is not in a position to State the probable date of completion of the project.

Prohibition in A.P.

828. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI : Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state what support the Central Government are extending in the endeavour of the A.P. Government in introducing prohibition in the State ?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI SITARAM KESRI) : Although prohibition is a state subject, an amount of Rs. 5 lakhs is being sanctioned to DAVP & Dooradarshan Kendra, Hyderabad for undertaking anti-arrack campaign in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

Child beggary

829. SHRI JAGMOHAN : Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the practice of child-beggary exists around places of religious and historical importance all over the country ; and

(b) if so, what measures have been envisaged to curb this bad practice ?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI SITARAM KESRI) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The measures adopted are both legal as well as rehabilitative. Under the Juvenile Justice Act, 1986, a juvenile found begging is treated as a "neglected juvenile". The Act, therefore, provides for a legal-rehabilitative mechanism under sections 13 to 16 of the Act, which serve the best interest of the child concerned by providing proper care through parents fit-persons/fit-institutions through Juvenile Welfare Boards.

As a rehabilitative measure, the Ministry of Welfare assists the State Governments/U.T. Administrations/ Voluntary Organisations to run homes under the Juvenile Justice act through a Centrally Sponsored Scheme of Prevention and Control of Juvenile Social Maladjustment. The Scheme provides for education and training in various trades for children living in these institutions.

पिछड़े वर्गों के रहन-सहन का स्तर

830. **श्री ईश दत्त यादव** : क्या कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार ने पिछड़े वर्गों के रहन-सहन का स्तर ऊंचा उठाने के लिये कोई योजना बनाई है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उत्तर प्रदेश मे चलाई जा रही योजनाओं के नाम क्या-क्या हैं; और

(ग) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान हासिल की गई उपलब्धियों का ब्यौरा क्या है ?

कल्याण मंत्री (श्री सीताराम केसरी) : (क) राष्ट्रीय पिछड़ा वर्ग वित्त एवं विकास निगम, विभिन्न राज्य सरकारों द्वारा अधिसूचित पिछड़े वर्गों को आवधिक ऋण/सीमान्त राशि दे रहा है बशर्ते उद्यमी की वार्षिक पारिवारिक आय गरीबी की रेखा की आय की दुगनी से कम हो।

(ख) और (ग) उत्तर प्रदेश में 1992-93 के दौरान इस निगम ने 15 योजनाओं को शामिल करते हुए पिछड़े वर्गों के सदस्यों द्वारा उन्नयन किये गये 3380 यूनिटों को कुल 322.41 लाख रुपये के आवधिक ऋण/सीमान्त राशि मंजूर की है। यह निगम 13.1.1992 को पंजीकृत हुआ था और इसने 1992-93 के उत्तरार्ध में काम करना शुरू किया।

उत्तर प्रदेश में सामाजिक संगठन

831. **चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह** : क्या कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) उत्तर प्रदेश में कार्यरत उन सामाजिक संगठनों के नाम क्या-क्या हैं, जिन्हें केन्द्रीय सरकार से वित्तीय सहायता मिल रही है ;

(ख) क्या यह संगठन राज्य के पिछड़े वर्गों के लोगों की मांगों को पूरा कर रहे हैं ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ?

कल्याण मंत्री (श्री सीताराम केसरी) : (क) कल्याण मंत्रालय से वित्तीय सहायता प्राप्त कर रहे सामाजिक संगठनों के नामों का एक विवरण अनुपत्र में दिया गया है। [देखिए—परिशिष्ट 168, अनुपत्र संख्या 15]

(ख) जी, हां।

(ग) ये संगठन अनुसूचित जाति और अनुसूचित जनजाति के लिये आवासीय स्कूल, होस्टल, हापिस्टल,